(INCORPORATED.) TEL. 1453. 84 EAST WASHINGTON ST. + Mail Orders Promptly Filled. +

Fancy Messina Lemons, per dozen... 15c Sweet, juicy California Oranges, per dozen......25c Strawberries and Pineapples in great abundance.

Michigan White Potatoes, sound and firm, better than new potatoes, per Will be advanced in price next week.

Simon-pure Leaf Lard-nothing better-per lb......10c Good quality Lard, per lb 7c Fresh Dairy Butter, per lb15c Fresh crisp Crackers, per lb41/2c Best Cider Vinegar, per gal.....20c This vinegar is extra strong and guaran-

TEAS of every variety, and at prices to save you 25 to 50 per cent.

teed pure.

Crushed Java Coffee-splendid quality-per lb......16c Fine fresh roasted Rio, per lb25c French Breakfast, per lb20c Fresh dressed Chickens, per lb 12c Fresh dressed Ducks, per lb12c Fresh dressed Turkeys, per lb......15c

Fresh Meats-best quality and lowest prices possible.

BIG 4 ROUTE

TIME CARD-May 26, 1895.

Trains leave Indianapolis Union Station A. M. A. M. A. M. P. M. P. M. P. M. *6:25 Inton Cy & Davt'n *4:00 7:05 *3:15 5:30 *6:20 Washington, D. C. *4:00 7:05 6:35 11:15 *4:50

*12:15 *7:10 *11:40 5:00 6:15 *11:20 3:39 *7:30 *11:40 3:30 *11:20 7:25 *11:50 4:50 *11:25 . *Indicates daily.

Ticket Offices-No. 1 East Washington street, 36 Jackson place, Massachusetts avenue and Union Station. The Knickerbocker Special at *6:25 p. m., does pot stop at Massachusetts avenue. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

BLUE RIVER PARK,

C., H. & D. R. R. 25 Miles from the City, the Finest

ALL AMERICAN CLUB PICNIC, Sunday, June 2.

Picnic Grounds in the State.

ALL SORTS of AMUSEMENTS BASE BALL, Morristown vs. Terre Haute.

Trains leave Union Station 9:30 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. ROUND TRIP-50 cents. Children under 12 years. For further information call at C., H. & D. ticket of-C. H. ADAM, C. P. A.

MONON ROUTE

(Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.) THE

CHICAGO SHORT LINE LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS.

Coaches. Parlor and Dining Cars, daily 11:50 am No. 36-Chicago Night Express, Pullman Vesbuled Coaches and Sleepers, daily 12:35 am Arrive Chicago No. 10-Monon Accommodation, daily, except ARRIVE AT INDIANAPOLIS. 73-Vestibule, daily..... o. 35 Vestibule, daily. No. 8-Monon Accommodation, daily, except Pullman Vestibule Sleeper for Chicago stands at West end Union Station, and can be taken at 8:30 p. m., For further information call at Ticket Office, No. 2 West Washington street, Union Station and Massachu-etts avenue. D. H. PARMELEE, C. T. A. C. H. ADAM, C. P. A.

FIRE INDALE&CO ROBT.MARTINDALE&CO INSURANCE

Drs. Coughlin & Wilson, Dentists Apert Crown and Bridge Workers. Fine Artificial Teeth. Painless Extracting with Cocaine, Gas or Vitalized Air. Ladles' entrance (ground floor), Deni-

WAGON WHEAT.....80c ACME MILLING COMPANY,

352 WEST WASHINGTON STREET.

IN PROHIBITION KANSAS.

Saloons in Many Cities Running Wide Open-An Investigation.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 31.-Prohibition Kansas is to again be the scene of a lively light against the liquor traffic. For many months past investigating committees have reported that the prohibition laws were being forced in an extremely lax manner, where enforced at all, while in many cities saloens ran practically wide open, and the officials not even made a show of closing them. The State Temperance Union, which has taken the most active part in these investigations, to-day issued a call for a big mass meeting at Topeka July 4, to take some action to call a halt in the present state of affairs. "In defiance of the law," says the call, "the saloon has returned in many cities, and often with the corrupt connivance of officials."

Infected Chinch Bugs.

COLUMBIA. Mo., May 31.-Since May 1 Dr. Paul Schweitzer, chemist of the Missouri State Experimental Station, has been ssuing packages of diseased chinch bugs to e distributed throughout the crops of the State for the purpose of creating an epidemic among the healthy bugs, thus exterminating them. The experiments with the infection made at the station has proved thoroughly successful. The disease is speedy in action and almost invariably fatal in effect. The bugs swell to comparatively enormous proportions and then burst open, death occurring a snort while after the first

Too Hot___

Fair.

To talk pretty—we just wipe away the perspiration and remark that these are short-priced, short-time specials:

20 dozen Ladies' Shirt Waists, Percale, fine black stripes and checks, on white ground, black or white piping—go on sale this morning at 75c each.

50 dozen Men's Negligee Bosom Shirts, with detached collarsworth a dollar-69c to-day only.

50 dozen Men's Negligee Bosom Shirts-collars attached-75c value, but they go at 50c to-day.

Boys' Long Pants Suits-\$12 and \$15 value-\$8.85.

Boys' Knee Pants Suits-\$6, \$7 and \$8 value-\$4.85.

THE WHEN

Previous

To our usual semi-annual inventory we will close all "odd lots," "broken lines" and incomplete color assortments throughout every department. Very low prices will be made, as we purpose taking over nothing nonseasonable, and will place the goods at buyer's value. Received this week one solid carload

Curtain Poles

In 1-inch and 138 inch, 5, 8, 10 and 12-foot lengths. One solid car, quality "C" and "D," 8-4 and 16-4 LINOLEUMS, new patterns.

MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO. Importers, Jobbers, Dry Goods, Notions, Woolens, Etc.

ANOTHER WAR SPECK

UPRISING AGAINST FOREIGNERS AT MOOSH AND JEDDAH.

Three British War Ships Hurried to the Latter Place to Investigate the Killing of a Consul.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 31.-Advices received here from Moosh state that the residences occupied by the French, British and Russian envoys there have been forcibly entered by Turkish gendarmes, who attempted to arrest a servant of the envoys. They used abusive language and were expelled with difficulty. This news, coupled with the news from Jeddah, that the British consul and vice consul, the Russian acting consul and the French consul secretary were attacked and shot at outside the town, has caused considerable excitement in diplomatic circles. The British vice consul, as already cabled, was killed and the British consul was slightly wounded. The other consular officers were seriously wounded. The shoot-

ing is attributed to Bedouins. Three British war ships have been ordered to Jeddah with instructions to protect the lives of foreigners and to investigate the killing of the British vice consul Russian, French and British embassadors here have made representations to the Turkish government demanding prompt punishment for the culprits, said to be Turkish gendarmes, who forcibly entered the residence occupied by the envoys of Russia, France and Great Britain, at Moosh, used abusive language and attempt-

ed to arrest a servant of the envoys. Details of the Outrage.

JEDDAH, May 31.-The following particulars have been obtained of the assassination of the British vice consul here and the wounding of another consular officer yesterday. Mr. W. S. Richardson, the British consul, the British vice consul, Mr. Brandt, the Russian consul and M. D'Orville, the secretary of the French consulate, were walking together near this town, when, apparently without any provocation, they were assailed by eight Bedoin Arabs, who, when only four yards away from the consular officers, opened fire on them with guns and pistols. The British vice consul was so badly wounded that he expired ten minutes after he was shot. While he was ying wounded on the ground the Bedouins ired into him and also stabbed him with knives. Mr. Richardson was badly wounded. Mr. Brandt had his jaw broken and his nose shot away. D'Orville alone escaped serious injury. The recovery of Messrs. Richardson and Brandt is doubtful. Fifteen arrests have been made and the greatest excitement prevails here, intensified by the fact that several British war ships are expected at this port shortly in order to inquire into the outrage and insist upon the punishment of the offenders. Later reports from the physicians in atshow that M. D'Orville was much more eriously wounded than at first thought, and

it is feared that he also will die from the results of his injury.

Holy War Impending. LONDON, June 1.-The Daily News has an editorial this morning commenting on the recent incidents at Jeddah, Moush and Beyrout, involving assaults upon representatives of the Christian powers by the Mohamedan residents. The editorial said: "It is not too much to say that there are many signs of a holy war against all Christian communities and all Christian rights what-ever in the Turkish empire. The powers represented on the Armenia commission cannot possibly mistake its character. Armenia was probably never nearer to complete and final delivery than at this hour." The Times contends that the delay, besides serving to add fuel to the anti-Turkish agitation in Europe, stimulates the anti-Christian spirit in Turkey. The Jeddah and Moush outrages prove that the old fanatical temper of Islam is not extinct, and may readily lead to deeds for which exemplary reparation will have to be exacted. The folly, zeal or savagery of any local leader or local rabble might cause an outbreak of anti-Christian fury which the authorities would be impotent to stay. It is for the Sultan's counselors to consider what the consequences of such an outbreak might be. If the Sultan is unable to secure the speedy punishment of the offenders at Jeddah and Moush, we may ourselves be

WIPING OUT THE REBELS. Spaniards Now Making It Hot for the

compelled to chastise the offenders.

Cuban Insurgents. HAVANA, May 31.-Colonel Zamora, at the head of a detachment of three hundred troops, found a number of insurgents occupying positions between Plazuela and Rincon de Calienta. An engagement followed, and the troops captured the insurgents' positions, the enemy leaving four dead on the field and carrying away their wounded. Lieutenant Fernandez, who was operating in combination with Colonel Zamora at the head of another but smaller detachment, after opening fire on the insurgents, charged one of their positions at the point of the bayonet and compelled the enemy to retire. The insurgents lost two killed and had several wounded. On the side of the troops one soldier was killed and three were wounded.
The regiment of Isabella, the Catholic

came across 850 insurgents between Bayamo and Manzanillo. After an hour's engage ment the insurgents were routed, leaving and carrying away with them a number of other wounded insurgents. Among the killed was the insurgent leader, Amador Guerra, and it is reported that two other insurgent chiefs, Reuter and Vega, were

killed. But the death of the two men lastnamed has not yet been confirmed. Dur-

ing the engagement nine Spanish soldiers Devay, who was authorized by the revolutionary committee in New York to raise rebel bands in Penar del Rio and to prepare for the landing of the expedition organized by Enrique Collazo, arrived in Cuba on the steamer Mascotte. taken by the police a paper was found in his necktie, which the police had difficulty in preventing him from swallowing. It contained the name of a colonel. Several houses in Havana and Matanzas have been searched. The guards in Juento have captured the rebel chief. Bernardino Jiminez, who raised a band of thirty near Ramon Alto and fired fifty villas. Colonel Copril maintained the fire of a rebel band three times as large as his own under the rebel leader Perequito Ferez. while passing the river Limonez. The reb

els were repulsed and lost four dead and several wounded. Another American Released. WASHINGTON, May 31.-United States Vice Consul Springer, at Havana, has secured the release of another American citizen who was arrested in Cuba or suspicion of complicity in the rebellion. He cabled the State Department, to-day, that Carrillo, who had previously been released, had sailed yesterday from Havana for New

FRANCE'S FOREIGN POLICY. M. Hanotaux Makes an Important Statement to Senators.

PARIS, May 31.-In the Senate, to-day, M. Hanotaux, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, made an important statement regarding the foreign policy of the government, in which he denied that French national interests were subordinated to the interests of other powers. He explained that the part which France took in the European representations to Japan was dictated by the interests of France, in view of her position in Indo-China and the protection she owed to French religious missions in China. France, he could not see the independence of China by a permanent Japanese occupation. If the empire of China fell or was rudely shaken, French interests would surely suffer from consequent disorder and anarchy Russia, he continued, held the same view regarding the necessity of maintaining the status quo in China in her own interests, and Germany, likewise, had good reasons for acting in union with Frence and Russia.

Japs Leaving the Lino Tung. LONDON, May 31 .- The Times to-morrow will print a dispatch from Tien-Tsin which says that the Japanese are rapidly evacuating the Liao Tung peninsula, and that the movement will be completed in ten days.

GIBBONS IN ROME.

The Cardinal and the Bishop of Detroit at the Holy Sec. ROME, May 31.-Cardinal Gibbons, of Baltimore, Md., the Rev. John S. Foley, bishop

of Detroit, Mich., and Mgr. D. O'Connell, the rector of the North American College, arrived here at 1 o'clock this aftfrom Florence, and to the North American College. In an interview Cardinal Gibbons said that this was his first visit to Rome since when he was made a cardinal. He added that he simply came ad limina apostolarum, his period of ten years within which every bishop is required to visit Rome having nearly expired, and that he does not intend to stay long in Rome. The Cardinal also said that he had no special question to discuss here except the usual diocesan affairs. He added, however, that he was taking keen interest in the social question, and he was happy to say that the workmen in America, as individuals, and as associations, know how to conduct themselves according to the spirit of the gospel and the principles of justice, avoiding dangerous excesses, but nevertheless determined to obtain what is equita-

bly their due. Kaiser Wilhelm to His Guards. BERLIN, May 31 .- The Kreuz Zeitung today says that Emperor William, after reviewing the guard on the Templehof parade grounds, on Wednesday last, addressed them as follows: "Grenadiers and Fusiliers-The twenty-

ninth of May is a day never to be forgotten. Seven years ago I led your brigade before Emperor Frederick at Charlottenberg. Those were the only soldiers ever inspected by my father of blessed memory. You should never forget that day. The present generation will recollect the high honor thus perpetuated in the brigade, I have determined to pass this day in your company and trust that you, by your de-meanor, service and faithful performance of duty will prove yourselves good soldiers. Be mindful of the victorious struggles of twenty-five years ago. At that time this brigade especially distinguished itself and sealed its devotion to the fatherland with its blood. In the same manner you have seen how the enemy is assailed, driven from its position and thrown to the ground. "In remembrance of this day I bestow upon your colors the collar of the Hohenzollern family order. Now return to your quarters and to-morrow make your best splay on parade."

Brazil's President Has a Cancer. NEW YORK, May 31 .- A special to the Herald from Rio de Janeiro says: In political circles the report that President Moraes will resign his office is receiving increased credence. The President is suffering severely with cancer in the liver, and the disease has been aggravated by the hostile attitude of Congress and the enmity displayed by resident foreigners. The Vice President has expressed a willingness to assume the office of chief executive should Moraes conclude to retire. The government, fearing a demonstration against the Portuguese minister, ordered troops, under orders, to suppress any out-

Newfoundland Secures a Loan.

relieves the whole pressure upon the colony. Mr. Bond says that his visit to New York helped his purpose, but for obvious reasons he accepted the London offer. Special provision has been made to secure the saving bank safety. The government is now ready to meet all obligations. All shades of press and public unite in approving the loan. The banking syndicate is so influential that it carries the fullest confidence.

NO COMPROMISE.

The Fair Will Contest to Be Fought Out in the Courts.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31 .- An evening paper repeats the statement that several days ago Reuben H. Lloyd, leading counsel for the contesting heirs of the estate of the late James G. Fair, went to New York to present to Herman Oelrichs two propositions for a settlement of the Fair will contest without a trial at law. The first proposition contemplated the retire-ment of the four executors under the stolen will upon payment to three of them \$100,-000 and to attorney Goodfellow \$250,000. This proposition, it is said, was rejected by Oelrichs, but the second suggested by the executors was approved by Senator Fair's son-in-law. It was as follows: That all contests be withdrawn and the executors be allowed to probate the will, and after one year's service to resign and turn over the estate to the heirs, the executors' compensation to be fixed by the courts. Marie Levingston, an executor under the second will, objected to any settlement, and the negotiations were thereupon termina-

THE RIDERS CHEATED

BIG CYCLING SCANDAL OVER CHI-CAGO-EVANSTON ROAD RACE.

Only Thirty-One of the First Hundred Rounded the Course-Time Prize Winner in the Mess.

CHICAGO, May 31.-A mammoth scandal to-day ended the career of the worldfamous Chicago road race. In less than twenty-four hours the celebrated race, as an institution, has plunged from the pinnacle of rank as one of the greatest cycling events on the globs to a place much lower. Sworn statements made to-day put nearly 10 per cent. of the participants in the so-called "race" on record as contemptible sneaks. How many more of the remainder of the "racers" will go into the same class is yet to be determined. It was a wholesale fraud on a scale probably never before equaled in the history of cycling races, or, for that matter, in races of any kind.

The trouble in brief is that this year the race was not a straight-away, and that the 450 contestants, literally by dozens and scores, deliberately cut the course, instead of going around the full turn at Evanston. It is claimed that only thirty-one of the first one hundred to finish, among whom was the winner, Homer Fairmon, were noted as having passed the limit mark at Evanston, and that no note was ever made of the other sixty-nine men at that point. The fellows not in the first hundred are supposed to have done even worse, W. F. Morgan, of the firm of Morgan & Wright, is greatly interested in the outcome of the investigation, for it was at his suggestion that it has been started. "When I saw some of the figures that were recorded as the time in which the race was run," said Mr. Morgan to-day, "I knew something was wrong, Fred Rau, one of our employes, to whom the second time prize was awarded, is credited with better time than either Bainbridge or Decardy, two scratch men, that I know can ride Rau to death in five miles, especially when they pace one another as yesterday. When I saw Rau to-day he admitted at once that he never rode over the course. He said he was taken sick half tway out and was lying on the grass a good part of the time, and that when he rode in he never claimed to have ridden the course.' Aside from the scandal in regard to the race as a whole, referee Thomas F. Sheridan had his hands full to-day receiving protests from scores of riders in the race against the awarding of prizes yesterday to Fairmon and Emerson, the first prize and time prize winners respectively. It now looks as if neither of these men will be given the place which was assigned to him yesterday. However Fairmon may come out, it is almost certain that Emerson will be disqualified as time winner. All the testi-mony goes to show that Emerson did not

ride the course. Dirnberger Makes a New Mark. LOUISVILLE, May 31.-Dirnberger continued his fine work at Fountain Ferry track to-day, and captured another world's record, the two-thirds mile flying start, paced. He clipped off two full seconds from John S. Johnson's record of 1:11 4-5, made at Waltham Sept, 21, 1894, doing the distance in 1:09 4-5. He was paced by the quad with O'Connor, Terrill, Barnett and Hamilton up. Dirnberger, Lyman, Terrill and Pat O'Connor leave to-morrow for Syracuse to join the National Circuit at Albany, N. Y., on Wednesday next,

Charged with Stealing Bicycles. KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 31 .- Otto Balthoff, of St. Louis, one of the entries in yesterday's road race, is under arrest here charged with stealing three bicycles from a St. Louis firm for whom he had worked. He maintains that the firm owed him considerable money, and that he had the right to take the property. The bicycles were sold to a local firm.

WARNING TO ELKS.

Exalted Ruler Detweiler Tells the Faithful to Beware of the Rebels.

HARRISBURG, Pa., May 31 .- As an outcome of the strife between the factions of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Grand Exalted Ruler Detweiler has issued an official circular to the officers and members of all subordinate lodges. Mr. Detweiler declares that he means to uphold the trust vested in him and at any cost to prevent the attempts of "misguided secessionists" to disrupt the order. In conclusion he says: "I hereby warn all lodges holding or claiming to hold dispensations and charters from the Grand Lodge of the B. P. O. E. from recognizing in any way the so-called and spurious grand lodge which met at Atlantic City in June, 1894, and which it is proposed to hold there in July, 1895. I forbid any representation of any subordinate lodges from attending the meetings of said illegal, contumacious and rebellious body. I forbid any and all lodges from paying their per capita tax to any one of the officers of said body under a penalty of having to pay the same again when the courts have rendered a decision, with the penalty further imposed by our laws."

Addis, a Concert Hall Singer.

TRUE TO HIS LOVE. Lord Sholto Douglass Weds Lorretta SAN JOSE, Cal., May 31.-Lord Shofto Douglass and Loretta Addis, the Bakersfield actress, were married this afternoon by a justice of the peace and left at 5 o'clock for San Francisco. Lord Sholto Douglass is a son of the Marquis of Queensberry. It cost Lord Douglas \$3 to be maried, that being the fee charged by the justice of the peace who performed the ceremony. Doug-las and his bride gave their ages as twentytwo and eighteen, respectively. They wanted the affair kept secret, as they expected they would be followed by "policemen and bifil-dogs." The reason of the expected pursuit

Johnstown Flood Anniversary. PITTSBURG, May 31.—To-day was the sixth anniversary of the Johnstown flood, and to-night a large delegation of news-paper men from here left on a special train for Harrisburg, where the Johnstown flood correspondents' association was banqueted by Governor Hastings. At the time of the flood the Governor was Adjutant-general of the State, and was in charge of the relief work. At Johnstown to-day there was no demonstration except the decoration of the graves of a number of the victims of

was not stated.

MR. M. A. HANNA SAYS OHIO REPUB-LICANS ARE NOT DIVIDED.

Protection's Apostle Will Have a Solid Buckeye Delegation at the Next National Convention.

JOHN SHERMAN CRITICISED

SENATOR HILL FINDS FAULT WITH THE OHIOAN'S RECENT SPEECH.

Chairman Carter's View of the Policy Republicans Should Pursue-Views of Foreigners.

CLEVELAND, O., May 31,-No man stands closer to Governor McKinley or more interested in his candidacy for the presidency than Hon. M. A. Hanna, of this city. Speaking to an Associated Press representative to-day, concerning the speculation as to the effect of the Foraker victory in the State Republican convention upon McKinley's prospects, he said: "They will not be affected in the least. Gov. McKinley has more friends in Ohio now than he ever had before, and he has more in all the other States of the Union. This talk about a divided Ohio delegation in the national Republican convention is all bosh. More than that, it is all a lie. The Republicans in this State are true to Mc-Kinley or their convention platform is farce. Do you suppose a State that holds so proud a place as Onio can afford to be false? Ohio will send a solid and loyal McKinley delegation to the national con-

Concerning the recent campaign for the nomination for Governor Mr. Hanna said: "Governor McKinley kept entirely out of i General Bushnell is the nominee and he will be elected."

Mckinley at Another Feast. NEW YORK, May 31 .- Another big dinner was given to-night. Gen. Horace Porter was the host, and he entertained his friends in his residence. General Porter's guests were Governor William McKinley, of Ohio; Cornelius N. Bliss, Elihu Root, Commissioner Fred D. Grant, Rhinelander Stewart, Commissioner William Brookfield, ex-Senator Warner Miller, Gen. Samuel Thomas, Mayor William L. Strong, Chauncey M. Depew, Commissioner Roosevelt, Gen. Anson G. McCook, Abner McKinley, Cornellus Vanderbilt and Charles G. Beaman. Ex-President Harrison was invited, but sent word to General Porter that he

ers at the Windsor Hotel.

the dinner Governor McKinley passed

could not attend. Aside from attending

quiet day to-day. He received a few call-

CRITICISED BY HILL. Sherman's Zanesville Speech Not Relished by the New Yorker. ALBANY, N. Y., May 31.—Senator Hill to-day was asked whether he had read Senator Sherman's speech on the monetary question. "Yes," said the Senator, "I have carefully perused Senator Sherman's Zanesville speech on silver. If an Ohlo Democrat had made the speech there would have been condemnation all along the Republican ranks. The implication startled me, that there are, in a prosperous State like Ohio, Republican voters who wish to degrade our dollar standard, repudiate one-half our public debt and pay their debts in cheaper money than they promised to pay. I have not met such voters in New York. It is difficult for me to believe that a majority in any American State or in any American Congress will vote to create a new dollar therely in order that thereby debtors may evade the payment of one-half, or one-quarter, or any percentage of what they owe, and have promised. That would be worse and more indefensible than the creation in 1862 by Senator Sherman's party of the full legal-tender greenback dollar. Then the

ed in our history till 1862. Whether our standard dollar was silver or gold, or both, it was from 1792 to 1862 an honest standard, an undegraded standard. "Senator Sherman said at Zanesville, what was news to me, that for fourteen years after the resumption of specie payments, while the Republican party was in power, we had gold, silver and paper money pass-ing current in all parts of the commercial world. I had never known that from 1880 till 1884, when Cleveland came, our silver dollars and greenback dollars were exportable like our gold dollars. One of my objections to our present government taking legal silver and greenback dollars is that they are not exportable. I would exterminate forever the greenback dollars make the chiefest of our existing currency woes. I would by international bimetallism, by free bimetaille coinage on a ratio of 1 to 1, and not by Senator Sherman's bastard bimetallism exemplified in his law of 1890, now repealed, lift our standard silver dollar into a world-wide parity with our gold dolar. I would thereby put an end to the degradation of any coined dollar of ours. I would not have, as now, one ratio which is 16 for our silver doilars and a higher ratio as now for our minor silver. I object to Senator Sherman's misdescription of the bi-

country was in the agony of civil war, but

now there is profound peace. Repudiation

of private contracts had not been attempt-

metallism of 1792, which on an international ratio of 151/2. I advocate. We have suspended the compulsors treasury purchasing of silver and coining of silver dollars. I urged it in the interest of international bimetallism. The suspen-sion is steadily working in Europe to that end. It has persuaded Bismarck. If I could have my wish, I would not have the treasury purchase another ounce of silver, or coin another silver dollar under existing conditions, till the possibility of international bimetallism on a ratio of 151/2 to 1 has been fairly tested by the whole power of the United States, exerted earnestly and n good faith by their Congress, their President and Cabinet, their Secretary of State, their diplomatic and consular agents every-

PLANKS FOR REPUBLICANS.

Mr. Carter's View of What the National Convention Should Do. NEW YORK, May 31.-Thomas H. Carter, chairman of the Republican national committee, in a public statement, says: "In 1896 the Republican party will stand for protection and the restoration of bimetallism on a substantial and enduring basis. There may be differences of opinion in the party on the tariff schedules, but not on the principle of protection. There will be differences of opinion as to the best course to pursue to secure the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at a fixed ratio, but there will be no lifference of opinion as to the desirability of bringing about that result. Upon one question there will be neither difference of opinion as to the general principle involved for as to the means to be employed. That is with reference to the restoration of a vigorous, thoroughly American foreign policy. I am persuaded that the Republican national convention will piedge the party anew, and with great earnestness and to this line of foreign policy. The ole demand it. They are conscious of people demand it. They are conscious of their strength, and they realize that this die can no longer be referred to as merely a coming nation. They know that it has become and is a nation."

WOULD MAKE HIM KING. Southerners Want Cleveland Elected

for Life at \$100,000 Salary. ATLANTA, Ga., May 31 .- A sensation was created in the meeting of the Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association this afternoon when Capt. J. H. Martin, of Memphis, the largest wholesale dealer in groceries in the South, exclaimed in the course of a speech: "Grover Cleveland,

President of the United States, receives a salary of \$50,000. He should be given one of \$100,000 and be elected for life."

This statement was made while the officers' salaries were under discussion. Hardly had the words been uttered when cheer after cheer fairly shook the walls of the building and reached to the street beyond Time and time again President Leigh rapped his gavel for order, but the shout still went up, while men waved their hats wildly, applauding a sentiment so expressive of their individual convictions. The scene was an impressive one. It was several moments before business simmered down to its ordinary channel, and even then men talked the happening over among themselves and paid little attention to the subsequent speeches. A canvass of the members of the association, who represent the leading cities of the South, showed them to be practically unanimous in sup-port of President Cleveland's financial pol-

INJUNCTION SUSPENDED.

Jadge Goff's Latest Action in the Registration Cases.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Va., May 31.-Judge Goff this afternoon granted an order suspending the temporary injunction in both the Richland and Newburry cases of the famous South Carolina registration case which came up on a motion to docket in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. June 6 was set as the day on which the court will hear argument in the case. The effect of the order granted by Juage Goff will be to allow the supervision of the registration officers of Richland and Newberry counties to open the books of registration on next Monday under the laws of South Carolina.

Another Hearing. RICHMOND, Va., May 31.-The case of W. Briggs Green, appellant, vs. Lawrence P. Mills, better known as the South Carolina registration case, came up in the Supreme Circuit Court of Appeals to-day, Chief Justice Fuller and Judges Simonton and Hughes sitting. The case came up on a motion to docket and advance for argument the appeal from the order of Judge Goff. William A. Barber, Attorney-general of South Carolina, and Edward McCrary, in behalf of the appellant, argued in favor of the motion to docket and advance, while Henry N. O'Bear opposed it. The court decided unanimously that it has jurisdiction of the case and will fix an early day for the hearing. Judge Goff was present, but took no part in the hearing.

American Farmers Criticised.

LONDON, June 1.-The Times this morning has an editorial commenting upon the agricultural report by Mr. Hugh Gough, first secretary of the British embassy in Washington. It says: "All the dismal comparisons contained in this report tell one tale | ship having put out from San Blas a womof enormous production at nonremunerative prices. With exceedingly cheap land and with economy of production and handling carried to a remarkable length by commercial ingenuity, the American producers are yet baffled by the magnitude of their own operations. Loudly as the American farmers complain, they at all events live in plenty. Most of them would probably have failed to enjoy as much as this had they remained in European cities to glut the labor market. They all desire, however, to command more of the good things of life, and it is from that the demand comes for attempts of economic experiments. They are all believers in the notion that an in creased currency would cause a rise prices. Therefore, they are an easy prey o the wily persons who want to sell silver. But the price of grain at Liverpool would not alter, though every Western farmer had all the silver currency the mine owners are anxious to supply." The article arrives at the conclusion that the British farmer might make more of

English Bimetallists Rejoice. LONDON, May 31.-There is much rejoicing at the headquarters of the bimetallists here over the news cabled to this city that the Democrats of Texas and Kansas have failed to indorse propositions for the free coinage of silver. The English bimetallists are opposed to the United States acting in advance of an international agreement on the subject, and indorse President Cleveland's position. The Bimetallic League is preparing an answer to the position taken up by Sir William Vernon Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in his reply to the address of the Gold Standard Protection League, wherein he stated that he concurred entirely in the opinion that the experience of well nigh a century has proved that the present system of currency is suited to the wants of this great commercial country, and that to depart therefrom would be disastrous to the trade and credit of the United Kingdom.

Victory for Quay. HARRISBURG, Pa., May 31 .- There will be no apportionment by this Legislature. This was settled this afternoon by the defeat in the House of the congressional, senatorial and legislative bills. The defeat of these bills is considered a victory for the friends of Mr. Quay.

LORD GOUGH IS DEAD

ONE OF THE MOST CONSPICUOUS MILITARY MEN IN ENGLAND.

Unusual Honors Bestowed on Him for His Services in Adding India to the British Possessions.

WASHINGTON, May 31 .- A cablegram received at the British embassy to-day announced the death of Lord Gough, the hero of India, and father of Mr. Hugh Gough, first secretary of the embassy here. As a result of this, Mr. Gough, being the eldest son, now becomes Lord Gough, succeeds to the titles and estates, becomes a member of the peerage and has conferred on him the unusual honors which Parliament conferred on the elder Lord Gough and his two successors because of his conspicuous service in subduing India and, in effect, establishing the British empire in India. The new Lord Gough has been in Washington about a year, coming here from St. Petersburg. His wife, Lady Georgiana Gough, is a daughter of the Earl of Langford. Lord Gough, the elder, who has just died was one of the most conspicmen England has produced of late years. He went to India as captain of the Grenadier Guards, but showed such brilliant abilities that he was made commander-in-chief of all the forces in India. For his services in India Parliament twice thanked him, raised him to the peerage and gave him the unusual honor of a permanent annuity of £2,000, which should go not only to himself but to his son and his son's son. The new Lord Gough now succeeds to this handsome annuity conferred by Parliament. Lord Gough, now in Washington, is a graduate of Oxford. He entered the British diplomatic service in 1876, and has been first secretary at Stockholm, St. Petersburg and Washington. It is probable he will return to England at an early day.

The Harlem Ship Canal. NEW YORK, May 31.-President Cleveland will officially attend the opening of the Harlem ship canal. General Viele, of the North Side Board of Trade, and who is much interested in the celebration in honor of the opening of the Harlem ship canal, to come off June 17, made a trip to Wash-ington to invite President Cleveland to be present on that day. General Viele has announced to the Board of Trade that Mr. Cleveland would be here. "He told me," said General Viele, "that he would so time his trip to Gray Gables as to stop in New York for the ceremonies."

Ohio Commercial Travelers. COLUMBUS, O., May 31.—The Grand Council of Ohio, United Commercial Trav-

elers, to-day elected the following officers: Grand counselor, William Brent, Ports-mouth; grand junior counselor, T. H. Stayon, Cincinnati; grand past councilor, J. Hart, Cincinnati; grand secretary, R omerville, Dayton; grand treasurer, J. Vesbitt, Columbus; grand conductor, W. Tingle, Zanesville: grand page, W. A. Phillips, Canton; grand sentinel, L. E. Wertheimer, Cincinnati. The next meeting will be held in Cincinnati.

Polygamist Indicted. SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, May 31.—John Beck, a prominent and wealthy Mormon, was indicted by the United States grand jury to-day for unlawful cohabitation. Mr. Beck is president of the Beck Bullion Mining Company. This is the first arrest since the manifesto against polygamy was issued by the church authorities, four year ago.

ONLY 26 OF THE STEAMER COLIMA'S PASSENGERS AND CREW SAVED.

Further Details of the Loss of the Pacific Mail Company Liner Off the Coast of Mexico.

WRECKED ON A CORAL REEF

AND SANK IN A FEW MINUTES, WITH NEARLY ALL ON BOARD.

Panie Among the Passengers-Several Ships Wrecked Before on the Same Dangerous Reef.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 31.-The total number of people drowned by the wreck of the steamship off the coast of Manzanillo is now known to be 187 persons. Five more have been rescued from the wreck, making the total number living twenty-six. The ship carried 213 persons and to all appearances these have all been drowned with the exception of the twenty-six. The living will be sent north as soon as possible, and seventeen have already taken passage for San Francisco. The accident is the most frightful in its loss of life which has ever occurred in Mexican water, and the Colima is a complete loss unless some of its cargo can be recovered by divers, which will probably be attempted. The ship was one of the largest and strongest of the Pacific Mail line plying between San Francisco and Spanish America, and was sunk by striking a coral reef in a dense

The Colima encountered heavy weather all along the Mexican coast. Much difficulty was encountered in keeping off the rocks at Isabella island and Piedra de Mar. The passengers were in a constant state of terror, which was augmented when the an passenger from San Francisco became crazed with fear and spent the entire night on deck entreating the officers to put back and praying heaven for deliverance. When the vessel struck, the pilots, all on duty under the direction of the officers, were steering straight towards the snow-capped summit of the volcano of Colima. The passengers rushed from their berths to the deck screaming and praying in terror as the ship pounded herself to pieces. One woman, named Brasly, the only passenger who exhibited composure, passed among the frenzied throng exhorting them to reason. Many, despairing of securing places in the boats, seized the life belts and cast themselves into the sea. The first boat to be lowered with its heavy burden of humanity succeeded in clearing the ship's side, but was engulfed five minutes later. Of the occupants of this boat only one, a sailor, escaped. As the last boat was lowered the Colima capsized. A conductor on the national train from Manzanillo who arrived here to-night says there are fifteen Americans among the rescued. A special train bearing a rescue party,

including physicians, has been sent from here. The people of Manzanillo are panic

stricken. The bodies of the drowned are being washed ashore there in scores. Search parties have recovered fifty-four. The weather is hot and there is no means of embalming. Funeral services will be held at once, and as the digging of separate graves is impossible the unclaimed dead will be buried in long trenches. The Jefe Politico of Manzanillo has summoned all the mounted rural forces in the district of Manzanillo and the garrison of soldiers has been placed on guard to prevent robbery of the dead and to dig the trenches. Several bodies have been found a short dis-tanc from the shore stripped of all valu-ables and clothing. Severe punishment will be given any offenders who may be discovered at this work. The dead are laid out as well as possible by the Manzanillo agency of the Pacific mali. Portions of the wrecked ship have reached the shore. The Colima is apparently a total loss and lies at the bottom of the sea about thirty miles below Manzanillo, beside the coral reef which stove in the side of the vessel The steamer lies on her side in six hundred meters of water. The Colima had on board \$100,000 in Mexican money shipped from Mazatian, and insured by Echeguerren Bros., of that place, who at once reported by wire to the War Department at the City of Mexico and asked its rescue. Immediately orders were thereupon issued to the commander of the Oaxaca to aid in the rescue work. M. E. Yzaguirre, commander of the port of Acapulco, at 5 o'clock this afternoon, received the following dispatch from Vogel & Co., the Pacific Mail agents at Manzanillo: "Colima totally lost thirty miles southeast of Manzanillo and six miles from the coast. The Mexican steamer Romero Rubio was sent to hunt for passengers. It has returned, giving information of the saving at Coahuahyana of three cabin passengers and two sailors more. Up to date there are reported twenty-six persons saved and 187 drowned. There were 213 persons aboard. We will send the saved passengers out by the Baracouta, which comes for that purpose to-morrow to embark the passengers, less seventeen already taken for the north by the steamer San

The coast in the neighborhood of Manzanillo seems a fatal spot. Nearly all the wrecks of the Panama route have occurred within one hundred miles north or south of Manzanillo. Three vessels have been lost in that neighborhood, and these are the only large vessels of the Panama line that have been wrecked. Another remarkable fact is that all were lost in still weather, indicating some peculiar condition of the currents setting in at this point and driving the vessels in upon the shore. The first and noted of the losses was the wreck of the Golden Gate, which burned and wrecked only a few miles north of Manzanillo. In this wreck the loss of life exceeded two hundred, and it has gone down in history as the greatest ma-rine horror of the coast. The cause of this wreck has never been definitely settled. It occurred in 1862 The Granada went down June 22, 1879, at Point Tejupan, some miles north of Man-

zanillo. No lives were lost, but the vessel, while rounding the point, went ashore and was a total loss. The captain always contended that some unknown current changed his course and drove the steamer ashore. The Nicaragua, one of the Mexican coasting fleet of the Pacific Mail Company,

was driven ashore on the Salvador coast near Acajutla by the wind and the cur-The steamer San Francisco was lost on Tartar shoals in the early seventies. These shoals are just south of Acapulco, and are perilous to navigation. The Honduras was driven ashore off Salvador and was lost in the eightles. The steamer City of New York was the last Pacific Mail steamer lost. During heavy fogs she was wrecked in October, 1803, at the entrance to San Francisco harbor. The Pacific Mail Steamship Company severely censured for overloading and bad placing of cargo on the Colima, to which is attributed the rapid sinking of the steamer.

Advices Received at San Francisco. SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.-The forebodings of the friends of the passengers and crew of the Colima were exceedingly gloomy this morning and few cherished any hope of the survival of those hitheto unaccounted for. The Pacific Mail Steamship Company declared that it had received absolutely no word from the scene of disaster. Mrs. S. H. Cushing, mother of the two young men who were passengers, received a message from the son, picked up by the Son Juan, dated Mazatlan, as follows: "Am here. Returning on San Juan." Late in the afternoon a message was received by Mrs. Peters, whose son Lewis was a passenger for Guatemala. The telegram, dated Guatemala, was unsigned, but presumed to be from Mrs. Peters's husband, who resides in Guatemala. It was as follows: "Louis 13

Another dispatch to a private shipping firm from Guatemala states that the a comer Barracouta, which has been ercising about the scene of the wreck in sea th of survivors, has picked up a raft with his

safe on the Barracouta."